

Glossary of prevocational medical training words and phrases

Term	Explanation
Clinical attachment	A Council accredited 13 week rotation worked by an intern.
	Previously referred to as a 'run'.
Clinical supervisor	A vocationally registered senior medical officer named as a supervisor of interns as part of the accreditation of a clinical attachment. Previously referred to as a 'run supervisor'.
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Continuing professional development (CPD)	CPD is involvement in clinical audit, peer review and continuing medical education, aimed at ensuring a doctor is competent to practise medicine.
End of Clinical Attachment Assessment	The electronic form the clinical supervisor completes at the end of a clinical attachment for each PGY1. This form is stored in the e-portfolio. A PGY1 requires four satisfactory <i>End of Clinical Attachment Assessments</i> to be considered by the advisory panel who make a recommendation for registration in a general scope of practice.
e-portfolio	An electronic record of learning for each intern to record and track skills and knowledge acquired.
Intern	Refers to a graduate of an accredited New Zealand or Australian medical school or a doctor who has passed the NZREX Clinical, who is in their first and second year of registration. An intern is usually employed as a House Officer and is often referred to as: • an intern • a house surgeon • a house officer.
Intern training programme	The training provider's training and education programme for PGY1 and PGY2 doctors that has been accredited by Council.
Mulitsource feedback (MSF)	Feedback collected from the intern's colleagues, multidisciplinary team and patients about the intern's communication and professionalism using a set questionnaire.
New Zealand Curriculum Framework for Prevocational Medical Training (NZCF)	The learning outcomes to be substantively attained by an intern during PGY1 and PGY2.

Term	Explanation
Post graduate year 1 (PGY1)	For New Zealand and Australian graduates, the year following graduation from medical school and for doctors who have passed NZREX Clinical, the provisional general year.
	PGY1 is a minimum of 12 months however it may take longer as it is the time it takes to satisfactorily complete the requirements for registration in a general scope of practice.
Post graduate year 2 (PGY2)	For New Zealand and Australian graduates and NZREX doctors the year after first gaining registration in a general scope of practice.
	PGY2 is a minimum of 12 months however it may take longer as it is the time it takes to satisfactorily complete the requirements for PGY2.
Prevocational educational supervisor	A Council appointed vocationally registered doctor who has oversight of the overall educational experience of a group of PGY1 and/or PGY2 doctors as part of the intern training programme.
	Previously referred to as an 'intern supervisor'.
Prevocational medical training	The 2 years* following graduation from an Australian or New Zealand medical school or for doctors that have passed NZREX Clinical, the first two years* of registration in New Zealand.
	*This may be longer as it is the time it takes to meet the requirements. For the majority of people this will be two years.
Professional development plan (PDP)	A live electronic document stored in the e-portfolio outlining the intern's high level goals and how they will be achieved.
Skills log	A record of the learning outcomes from the NZCF that an intern has attained. Stored in the e-portfolio.
Teaching sessions	The regular formal teaching sessions organised by the training provider and attended by interns.
Trainee intern (TI)	A medical student in the final year of medical school.
Training provider	The organisation accredited by the Council to deliver an intern training programme for PGY1 and PGY2 doctors. This term is also used in the context of specialist training.