

Te Whatu Ora – Te Tai Tokerau – Progress on required actions

Northland DHB underwent an accreditation assessment as a provider of prevocational medical training on 1 and 2 September 2021.

The overall outcome of the assessment for Northland DHB accreditation was ‘**substantially met**’.

On 1 July 2022, Te Whatu Ora | Health New Zealand replaced Aotearoa New Zealand’s 20 DHBs. The prevocational training programme run by Northland DHB is now run by Te Whatu Ora – Te Tai Tokerau.

Te Whatu Ora – Te Tai Tokerau is currently accredited for prevocational medical training until 31 December 2025, subject to satisfactorily addressing the required actions listed below.

1	Required actions on accreditation	Standard	Status
	The DHB must ensure that interns are represented in the governance of the intern training programme.	Strategic priorities 1.5: The training provider ensures intern representation in the governance of the intern training programme.	Addressed (Aug 2022)
	The DHB must ensure that interns receive supervision and opportunities to develop their cultural competence in order to deliver culturally safe patient care.	The intern training programme – programme components 3.1.5: The training provider has processes that ensure that interns receive the supervision and opportunities to develop their cultural competence in order to deliver patient care in a culturally-safe manner.	
	The DHB must ensure that interns working at night receive appropriate support to deliver safe patient care.	The intern training programme – programme components 3.1.8: The training provider has process to ensure that interns working on nights are appropriately supported. Protocols are in place that clearly detail how the intern may access assistance and guidance on contacting senior medical staff.	Addressed (Aug 2022)
	The DHB must ensure that it adheres to Council’s Policy on Informed consent.	The intern training programme – programme components 3.1.10: The training provider ensures adherence to the Council’s policy on obtaining informed consent.	
	The DHB must ensure that the formal education programme provides content on Māori health and culture, and achieving Māori health equity, including the relationship between culture and health.	The intern training programme – Formal education programme 3.3.4: The formal education programme provides content on Māori health and culture, and achieving Māori health equity, including the relationship between culture and health.	

6	The DHB must ensure that orientation is provided at the start of all clinical attachments, ensuring familiarity with key staff, systems, policies and processes relevant to that clinical attachment.	<p>The intern training programme – Orientation</p> <p>3.4.2: Orientation is provided at the start of each clinical attachment, ensuring familiarity with key staff, systems, policies and processes relevant to that clinical attachment.</p>	
7	The DHB must ensure that mechanisms are in place to enable interns to provide anonymous feedback to prevocational educational supervisors, RMO unit staff and others involved in intern training.	<p>Monitoring and evaluation of the intern training programme</p> <p>5.4: There are mechanisms in place that enable interns to provide anonymous feedback on their prevocational educational supervisors, RMO unit staff and others involved in intern training.</p>	
8	The DHB must ensure that it routinely reviews supervisor effectiveness taking into account feedback from interns.	<p>Monitoring and evaluation of the intern training programme</p> <p>5.5: The training provider routinely evaluates supervisor effectiveness taking into account feedback from interns.</p>	
9	The DHB must ensure that it has formalised flexible processes for Māori interns who may have additional cultural obligations, to enable those obligations to be met.	<p>Welfare and support</p> <p>6.2.8: The training provider recognises that Māori interns may have additional cultural obligations, and has flexible processes to enable those obligations to be met.</p>	

Updated August 2022